

# Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

Creating a more welcoming environment for people with less privileged identities

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### Agenda

1 What is DE&I?

3 Why it matters

2 DEI concepts

4 What we can do





# What is DEI





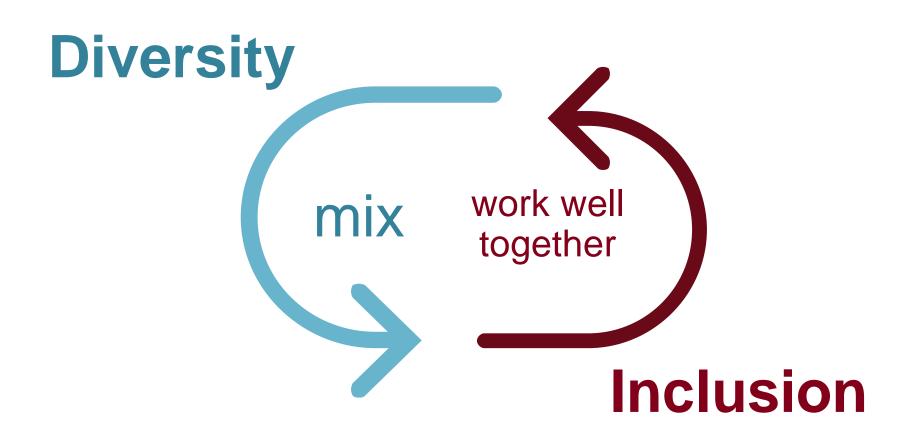
#### DEI

A term used to describe policies and programs that promote the representation and participation of different groups of individuals.

#### **Includes people of different:**

- Ages
- Races and ethnicities
- Abilities and disabilities
- Genders
- Religions
- Cultures
- Sexual orientations







# Benefits of diversity and inclusion

Openness to diversity widens access to **best talent**.

Inclusion allows **engagement** of talent effectively.

Together leads to **enhanced** innovation, creativity, productivity, reputation, engagement, and results.

# 35% higher likelihood of out performing

companies with racially and ethnically diverse leadership and executive teams versus those with little or no diversity.

# 15-21% better performance

gender diverse companies than those with little or no gender diversity.

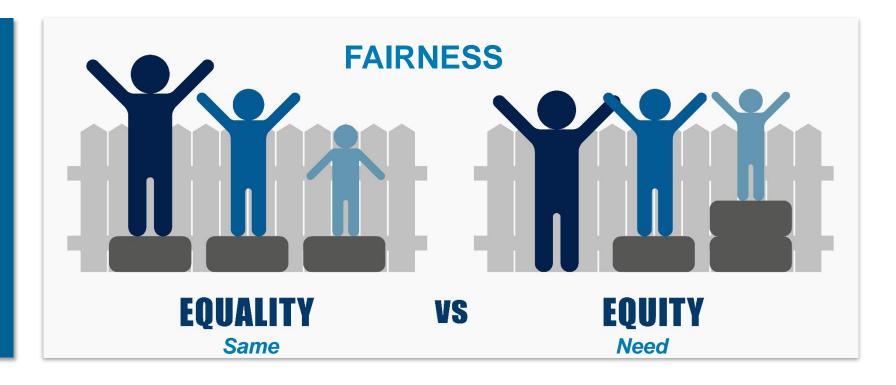






### Difference between equality and equity

Although both promote fairness, equality achieves this through treating everyone the same regardless of need, while equity achieves this through treating people differently dependent on need.









# DEI concepts





#### Bias

The attitudes or stereotypes that affect our understanding, actions, perceptions, and decisions.

Conscious or unconscious judgment made on information learned from experiences or learnings taught by others.

Explicit	Implicit
Expressed directly	Expressed indirectly
Aware of bias	Unaware of bias
Consciously	Unconsciously



# Implicit bias concepts

# Attitudes or stereotypes that unconsciously affect our actions, decisions, and understanding in an unconscious manner.

Can be positive (a preference) or negative (an aversion).

Different from known bias that people may choose to conceal for social or political reasons.

Formed over a lifetime as a result of exposure to direct and indirect messages.

Pervasive as everyone has them.

Changeable but research has shown it takes time, intention, and training.

Manifests through microaggressions.



# Microaggressions

Everyday, subtle verbal or nonverbal put-downs directed toward a marginalized group and are typically automatic.

Can be actions or comments that demean a person's race, gender, sexual orientation, heritage, age, or health status.

The person sending the message may not realize that it is a microaggression and some can be disguised as a compliment.

Can be stigmatizing and harmful to marginalized group or person.



# Types of microaggressions

#### Verbal

Comment or question that is hurtful or stigmatizing

"You are so smart for a woman"

#### **Behavioral**

Behaving in a way that is discriminatory or otherwise hurtful

Wait ignores transgender person and serves someone matching their gender identity

#### **Environmental**

Subtle discrimination occurs within society

College campus with buildings only named after white people



# Classifications of microaggressions

#### **Microassaults**

Conscious and intentional discriminatory actions while not intending to be offensive

Racial epithets, or displaying white-supremacists symbols

#### **Microinsults**

Behaving in a way that is discriminatory or otherwise hurtful

"Your people must be so proud"

#### **Microinvalidations**

Subtle discrimination occurs within society

"Racism does not exist in today's society"



# Microaggression examples

#### Targeted because of:

- Race
- Gender
- Sexual orientation
- Religion
- Class
- Disability
- Mental health
- Weight
- Age

Treating someone as second class citizen because of their gender, race, or sexual orientation

Making assumptions about someone based on their religion, age, or class.

Complementing a person born and raised in the U.S. on their English simply because they are not white.

Deliberately not using a transgender person's preferred pronouns.

Telling a thin person to eat more.

Unwilling to find stereotypical or derogatory sports team names offensive.

Using outdated and offensive terminology such as "That's so gay"

Not a complete list



#### Unconscious bias

Biases that we are unaware of and that happen outside of our control.



Happens automatically by our brain making quick decisions from data it gathers and then adds meaning to it.

Usually influences people subtly, not overtly.



# Unconscious bias types

Affinity bias (Similarity bias)	Occurs when people favor individuals who share their interests, backgrounds, and experiences.
Attribution bias	Developing a stereotype about someone based on your prior interactions with that individual.
Beauty bias	Someone believing another is more qualified, successful, happy, social, and/or capable simply because that person is better looking than someone else.
Conformation bias	Formed stereotypes about a group, situation, or individual based on their own unconscious biases, beliefs, and/or desires instead of unfiltered merits.
Conformity bias (Groupthink)	Changing behavior and/or opinions so they align with thoughts and behaviors of a larger group.



# Unconscious bias types continued

	when a person, group, or institution favors one gender over another – most often affects women.
Gender bias (sexism or sex discrimination)	<b>Gender pay gap.</b> Federal law requires employers to pay men and women in similar positions but data shows that women make 18% less than male counterparts in 2021.
	<b>Equal Pay Day.</b> Created in 1996 symbolizing how far into the new year females have to work to earn as much a male workers in the previous calendar year. In 2022, Equal Pay Day was Tuesday, March 15. 74 days into the year.
Halo effect	Instances when people develop a holistic, positive, impression of a person or group based on a singular characteristic leading people to put a figurative "halo" on that person even though it's not deserved when looking at the person's whole self.
Horns effect	Exact opposite of halo effect when people develop a negative impression of a person based on a single characteristic or experience.



# Overcoming biases

#### Be aware

Consider how biases might influence your thinking and actions

One study found that training could reduce effects of cognitive bias by 29%

#### Influencing factors

Identify factors
that may be at play
such as self-interest
or overconfidence

Consider any influences on your decisions to help make better choices

#### Challenge

Actively ? o challenge your biases

Ask your self questions:
Are there any factors you missed?
Are you giving too much weight to
certain factors?



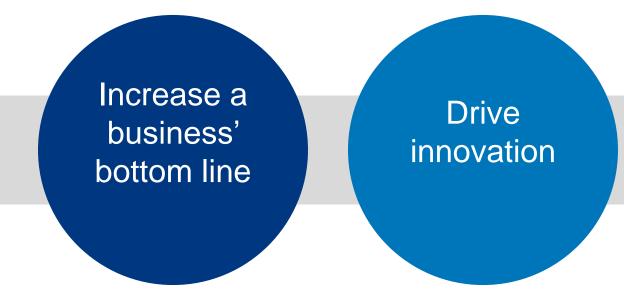


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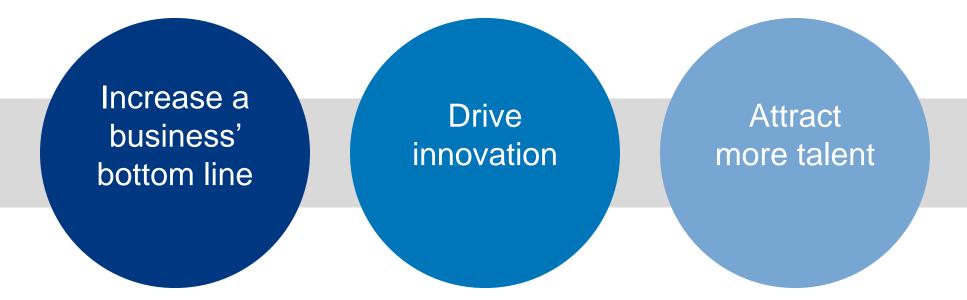


Increase a business' bottom line

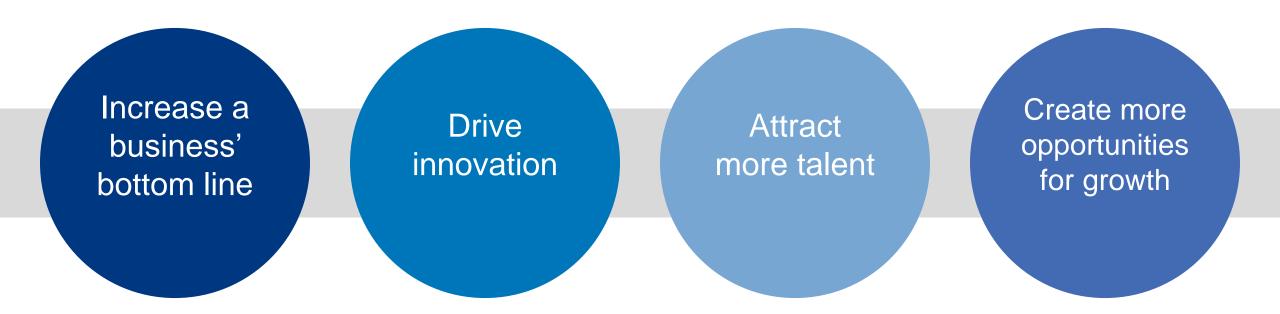
















Modernize an industry to be more reflective of society





Understand and effectively respond to cultural differences





Retain and promote talent





Reach new segments of the population





Have diversity of thought, ideas, and experiences





Shape the future











Be honest and transparent



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Be proactive and intentional



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Examine
where & how
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Create a business development plan because what gets measured gets done



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Be willing to recruit outside of your industry for transferrable skills



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Establish reciprocal mentorships



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Create a business development plan because what gets measured gets done

Be willing to recruit outside of your industry for transferrable skills

> Establish reciprocal mentorships

Continue to recruit your own employees



Be honest and transparent

Be proactive and intentional

Examine where & how you publicize your opportunities

Be willing to recruit outside of your industry for transferrable skills

Create a business development plan because what gets measured gets done

Establish reciprocal

Continue to recruit your own employees

mentorships

Be true to the process



Be honest and transparent

Be proactive and intentional

Examine
where & how
you publicize
your
opportunities

Be willing to recruit outside of your industry for transferrable skills

If you're unsure...ask the people

Be true to the process

Create a business development plan because what gets measured gets done

Establish reciprocal mentorships

Continue to recruit your own employees

You measure what you value

Inspect what you expect

Your vision for DE&I isn't announced...it's curated

Look at your lack of DE&I the same way you look at solvency to determine if your company is at risk

You didn't create it...but, you're in a position to disrupt it



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### Summary

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