Investing, Your Brain and Behavioral Finance

Steve Benjamin, CEBS, CRPC Sit Mutual Funds 3300 IDS Center 612-359-2554 spb@sitinvest.com www.sitfunds.com October 18, 2018



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ENVIRONMENT

Top 10 Stressors of Adults

- Money
- > Work
- The Economy
- Family Responsibilities
- Relationships
- Personal Health Concerns
- Housing Costs
- Job Stability
- Health Problems Affecting Family
- Personal Safety

Source: American Psychological Association



Anxiety

Study Reveals the Enormous Toll that Financial Anxiety is Taking on People's Lives"

"Americans Worry More About Their Finances Than Anything Else"

"We're Stressed by Retirement Preparations – But Doing Little to Prepare"



Letters to USA Today

"What one stock can I buy that will make me \$50,000 richer?" 3/28/12

"Are there any 'safe' stocks?" 8/14/15

"How can I protect my money from the election?" 11/4/16



Ridiculous Headlines

"History: 50-50 Odds of Stocks Rising in June" 5/23/15 USA Today
"Sweet Stocks to Own Until December" 11/2/16 USA Today
"Investors Predict the Market Will Drop, But Not Yet" 4/25/12 Cnnfn.com
"Stocks Poised for Big Move, but Which Way?" USA Today 4/11/17 6:30 a.m.
"Oct. 28 Has Been Best Day for Wall Street Over Past 65 Years" 10/28/15 Marketwatch.com



"10 Great Stocks for 2015 from 3 Market Wizards" www.marketwatch.com 12/30/14

The 2015 Performance of the "10 Great Stocks for 2015"	
-79.8%	-20.1%
-72.7%	-16.0%
-33.7%	-15.1%
-32.3%	-3.7%
-20.5%	1.6%



"Wild Week for Stocks"

 You won't hear many people on television talk about investing for the long-term
 This is not a sporting event where you cheer on your team



Key Words

> What should investors do *now*? "Four Things to Do and Not Do, Right Now" Investors <u>must</u> do this... The <u>next</u> logical move is...

Doing nothing seems wrong.

The <u>best</u> thing for investors to do is...





MONEY MAKES PEOPLE FUNNY

Cupboard is Pretty Bare

>26% of workers have < \$1,000</p>

≻45% of workers have < \$25,000</p>

> "I'm going to work until I die."

Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute 2018



"No, Thanks. I Already Have Enough Money."

"I can't afford to save."

 "Don't Make the Mistake that Cost Boeing Employees \$98 Million" 11/28/14 www.marketwatch.com
 75% match up to the first 8% contributed
 48,000 didn't save enough to get the full match
 8,400 didn't save anything



And Yet...

People will make a big effort to save a few dollars on a small purchase (but not for a large purchase)

Image: regularly drives 6 miles out of her way to save 5 cents a gallon on gas. If usually takes 15 minutes to get there, if the stoplights behave and traffic is decent. After filling her 15-gallon tank, she has saved 75 cents (not counting the gas used).

Image is a second se

…once drove to another state to save \$7 off a \$12 box of Tide.

"Found" Money

Imagine you just \$10,000 because	
- got an unexpeo year-end bon	,
- your deceased	b) on necessities
left it to you	
- won it from a lo ticket	ottery d) I'd save it

What Did Most People Say They'd Do?

Year-end Bonus
 Spend on necessities or invest it

Deceased Aunt
Invest it or save it

Lottery Ticket

Spend on luxuries or necessities

> Why would they use the money differently?

More "Found" Money

 College students planning to go to a basketball game the next day were told they'd get \$5 when they arrived; others were "surprised" with \$5 at the game
 Who do you think spent more at the game?

When shoppers come across "instant coupons" in the grocery store, they spend 12% more on spontaneous purchases than other shoppers



Consider the Following, Part 1

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Supermarket sales cause people to stock up
Buy low

Stock market sales cause people to flee Sell low



International Advancements

Consider the Following, Part 2

When supermarkets raise prices, people shop elsewhere
 Stop buying high

When the stock market rises, people get interested

Start buying high



Cycle of Market Emotions



Amygdala is Powerful

 The fearful, intuitive, involuntary impulses from the amygdala are able to overcome the thinking, thoughtful, logical part of the brain (pre-frontal cortex)
 First: quick, emotional, reflexive
 Later: measured, logical, reflective



Their Relationship

The prefrontal cortex is supposed to keep areas like the amygdala in check, and instruct them that, for example, 'I know that's a snake, but it's behind a piece of plexiglass, so we're good'. It's much like a parent and child. Children are less flexible in their responses to situations than parents, whose job is to instruct them and help them regulate.

-- Dartmouth College Study in 2009

Feeling Good

Among other things, dopamine helps us figure out how to take actions that will result in rewards

Several pathways throughout the brain



Dopamine is Powerful

Getting what you expected produces no dopamine kick
 Explains why addicts crave an ever-larger fix

But a reward fires up the brain! Day traders Ohio state lottery study



NOT SO RATIONAL AFTER ALL

"Econs"

 Until recently, the popular, accepted model of economic behavior assumed we were a population consisting only of "Econs"
 i.e. Like Mr. Spock, people gather the necessary facts and then make a rational decision



Surprising Discovery

- Richard Thaler, Daniel Kahneman, Amos Dversky, Cass Sunstein & others have discovered that many people are not "Econs"
 - People act in ways inconsistent with economic theory
 - People consider many factors like recent events, how things are framed, aversion to loss, etc. ("SIFs")
 - The field of Behavioral Finance gets started

Richard Thaler

Won Nobel Prize in 2017 in Economic Sciences for his contributions to behavioral finance

Misbehaving: The Making of Behavioral Economics





Framing – Cancer Treatments

 400 people were told there were two treatment options: either surgery or radiation
 When told that:

10 out of 100 patients <u>die</u> from the surgery, 50% said they'd prefer surgery

➢ <u>90</u> out of 100 patients <u>survive</u> the surgery, 84% said they'd prefer surgery

Basketball Tickets

A family pays \$150 for tickets to a basketball game to be played 40 miles from their home. On the day of the game there is a snowstorm. They decide to go anyway, but say that if the tickets had been given to them, they would have stayed home.



Tennis Club

John paid \$1,000 to join a tennis club for one year. After 3 weeks, he develops tennis elbow which makes playing painful. Miserable, he continues to play saying, "I don't want to waste the \$1,000!"



\$15

You're shopping for a clock radio and find the one you like for \$40. As you're about to buy it, a friend tells you the exact same model is

available 10 minutes away for \$25. Would you drive to the other store?

 $> \dots$ a TV and prices were \$815 and \$800?

> ...a car and prices were \$30,015 and \$30,000?



Biases

It can be difficult to always be objective

- Are the financial decisions we make only about money?
 - Conversations often begin with money but end with feelings and emotions. Emotions may run high because people are really talking about their hopes and dreams.

Recency Bias

People overweight recent, easy to recall information and assign a higher probability to it



1975

Recency Bias – Expected Future Returns

In December of 1999, investors expected their stocks to earn 18.4% over the next 12 months

In March 2003, after losses in 2000, 2001 & 2002, investors expected their stocks to earn 6.3% over the next 12 months
Affinity

We take someone's advice because we like them or they share our values
 e.g. "I don't know how to invest my 401(k). I'll ask John when I play golf with him tomorrow."
 e.g. Bernie Madoff "made" 12% annual returns for his 13,500 clients (er, victims)



Anchoring

Although there may be more productive investment opportunities, an investor remains fixated (usually on a price)
 e.g. "I'm waiting to sell until the price gets back to where I bought it at so I don't lose any money."



Confirmation

 We tend to seek out and remember things that confirm our preconceptions and opinions
 "See, I told you the market would go up (or down) when ____!"

Objectivity is lost



Herd Mentality

The tendency to mimic the rational – or irrational – actions of a group

>e.g. "After all, people wouldn't be buying (or selling) it if it wasn't the right thing to do."

e.g. It's better to be wrong together than wrong alone

 "(People) go mad in herds, while they only recover their senses slowly, and one by one."
 --Charles Mackay, Extraordinary Popular Delusions and the Madness of Crowds (1841)



CHOICES AND NUDGING

Choice Architecture

 The way in which choices can be presented while not taking away the power for a person to choose
 Number of choices
 Order of choices
 A "default" choice

> No such thing as a neutral design

> Can have an enormous impact



Nudge

Since people sometimes make irrational choices, how could the presentation of choices be altered to help people make a better choice, without taking away their ability to make other choices?

> How can this be done for their good?



Richard H. Thaler and Cass R. Sunstein Bevised and Expanded Edition

Healthy Nudges





Believe it or Not

In the Netherlands, the 1998 creation of a national donor registry was accompanied by a huge educational campaign and a mass mailing of 12 million+ letters (in a country of 15.8 million) encouraging citizens to register

It failed to change the consent rate



Organ Donor – Opt Out or Opt In



Effective consent rates



Yellow bars = Opt-in Blue bars = Opt-out "Do Defaults Save Lives?" 11/20/03 www.sciencemag.org

Many 401(k) Decisions...

How much would you like to save from each paycheck?

Would you like your contributions to be deducted on a pre-tax basis, Roth basis or both ways?

Here are the pros and cons of each

What fund(s) would you like to invest in?

What percentage into each fund?

Do you want to have your account rebalanced automatically?

Annually or semi-annually?



...or Just One Decision

By checking this box, you agree to save 4% of your salary on a pre-tax basis, have it invested in a pre-determined, moderately aggressive portfolio which will be automatically rebalanced each year and each time you get a raise in the future, will save 2% more.

Auto-enrollment has been a huge success "Unless you contact HR, you will have 3% of your salary deducted…"



Thinking Two Ways

Thinking Fast and Slow by Daniel Kahneman
Expanded on "dual process theory"

System 1: fast, automatic, intuitive, frequent, subconscious



System 2: slow, deliberate, logical, irregular, conscious



Save More Tomorrow

The key is that you won't do it today
 Overcomes the bias for having money now

Your pay will still increase each year
 Overcomes the bias for loss aversion

It's easy
 Overcomes the need to analyze it

SAVE MORE TOMORROW

What Can Be Done?

Align system 1 impulses with system 2 goals
 Make saving/investing automatic to remove emotions

- Don't get a password to check your 401(k) balance
- Turn off the financial tv stations
- File away predictions and pull them out later

Resources

Your Money and Your Brainby Jason Zweig

Nudge: Improving Decisions About Health, Wealth & Happiness

by Richard Thaler and Cass Sunstein

Misbehaving: The Making of Behavioral Economics

by Richard Thaler

Resources

Thinking Fast and Slowby Daniel Kahneman

Predictably Irrational
By Dan Ariely

The Paradox of Choice
 By Barry Schwartz

Thank You

Steve Benjamin 612-359-2554 spb@sitinvest.com www.sitfunds.com